**Summary of the Risk Assessment and Risk Management Plan**

**for**

**Licence Application DIR 189**

# Decision

The Gene Technology Regulator (the Regulator) has decided to issue a licence for this application for the intentional release of a genetically modified organism (GMO) into the environment. A Risk Assessment and Risk Management Plan (RARMP) for this application has been prepared by the Regulator in accordance with the *Gene Technology Act 2000* (the Act) and corresponding state and territory legislation, and finalised following consultation with a wide range of experts, agencies and authorities, and the public. The RARMP concluded that the proposed field trial poses negligible risks to human health and safety and the environment and that any risks posed by the dealings can be managed by imposing conditions on the release.

# The application

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| Project Title | Limited and controlled release of sorghum genetically modified for asexual seed formation[[1]](#footnote-1) |
| Parent organism | Sorghum (Sorghum bicolor) |
| **Genetic modifications** |
| Introduced genes and modified traits: | Expression of a grass gene[[2]](#footnote-2) involved in altering the reproduction mode of sorghum from sexual to asexual |
| Genetic modification method | *Agrobacterium*-mediated |
| Number of lines | Up to 10 independent lines of a number of sorghum cultivars |
| ***Principal purpose*** | To assess agronomic characteristics, seed viability, gene persistence, yield and yield components, and grain quality of the GM sorghum plants under field conditions |
| Previous releases | There have been no previous releases of the GMOs |
| **Proposed limits** |
| Proposed use of GM plants | No use in human food or animal feed is proposed |
| Proposed location | University of Queensland’s Gatton Campus - Crop Research Unit  |
| Proposed release size | Up to 1 ha per year  |
| Proposed period of release | From September 2022 to June 2025 |

# Risk assessment

The risk assessment concludes that risks to the health and safety of people or the environment from the proposed dealings are negligible. No specific risk treatment measures are required to manage these negligible risks.

The risk assessment process considers how the genetic modification and proposed activities conducted with the GMOs might lead to harm to people or the environment. Risks are characterised in relation to both the seriousness and likelihood of harm, taking into account current scientific/technical knowledge, information in the application (including proposed limits and controls) and relevant previous approvals. Both the short- and long-term risks are considered.

Credible pathways to potential harm that were considered included exposure of people or other desirable organisms to the GM plant material, potential for persistence or dispersal of the GMOs, and transfer of the introduced genetic material to non-GM sorghum plants. Potential harms associated with these pathways included toxicity or allergenicity to people, toxicity to desirable animals, and environmental harms due to weediness.

The principal reasons for the conclusion of negligible risks are that the proposed limits and controls, such as not using GM plant material in food or animal feed, will effectively minimise exposure to the GMOs. In addition, there is no evidence to suggest the introduced genetic modifications would lead to harm to people or the environment.

# Risk management plan

The risk management plan describes measures to protect the health and safety of people and to protect the environment by controlling or mitigating risk. The risk management plan is given effect through licence conditions.

As the level of risk is considered negligible, specific risk treatment is not required. However, since this is a limited and controlled release, the licence includes limits on the size, location and duration of the release, as well as controls to prohibit the use of GM plant material in human food and animal feed, to minimise dispersal of the GMOs or GM pollen from the trial site, to transport GMOs in accordance with the Regulator’s guidelines, to destroy GMOs at the end of the trial and to conduct post-harvest monitoring at the trial site to ensure the GMOs are destroyed.

1. The title of the project as supplied by the applicant is ‘Limited and controlled release of *Sorghum bicolor* genetically modified for altered reproduction from sexual to asexual’ [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. Confidential Commercial Information: The details of the introduced gene have been declared as Confidential Commercial Information under section 185 of the Act. Relevant CCI was made available to the prescribed experts and agencies that were consulted on the RARMP for this application. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)